人在"同时性"问题上有共同点:任何事件都没有一个优先视点。也就是说,任一视点、任一瞬间,都是平等的。问题的解决办法是突然出现的,在任意瞬间和任意视点都可能出现。它要调动美学、思想实验、潜意识,重组它们的因素,所有这一切在直觉中形成了一幅美丽的智慧形状!

我觉得,对于中国的艺术家来说,最重要的问题在于,要意识到艺术不仅是技巧或技术能力,更是理解、领会或解决问题的能力(更具体说,所谓解决问题,就

是做假设的能力),没有后者,就根本不存在艺术天才。 天才是"突然产生"的,而且在那个瞬间,他的创造速 度惊人。为某些想法而耗尽自己的生命,这是多么不可 思议啊!但这正是科学与毕加索这样的艺术天才的精神 境界。

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Passage • Contact • Extraction

Shang Jie

Abstract: There is a basic difference between Einstein' space theory and Kant' classical space Ideas, and their conflicts in science and philosophy show a milestone of history. Tremendous Changes, mainly happening in theoretical physics, have taken place in the realm of science, philosophy and art since the end of 19 century, the causes of which lie in the born of Non-Euclidean Geometry, as also influences the modern arts represented by Picasso' cubism modern painting. There are profound causes of natural science and philosophy for the modern art's subversion of the classical art, that is, the discovery of the four-dimensional and multi-dimensional space. This discovery not only changes the face of the natural science, but also changes the face of philosophy and arts. In this sense, modern art is a conceptual art with strong philosophical connotation. These phenomena impressed us that there is an essential relationship between science, philosophy and art. We should break the limitations between these disciplines in order to better promote their developments.

Key words: natural science; philosophy; art

观点选萃

现代社会亲密关系的回归:可能性及其模式

谷玉良

华中师范大学社会学院研究生谷玉良认为:现代社会,人际关系的冷漠化已经是既定的事实。随着熟人社会的解体,亲密关系退缩到传统家庭的狭窄场域中。然而,与传统决裂的个体必须建立自己与社会他人和世界的关系,从而才能造就自己。如果说传统社会熟人之间亲密关系的相互参考框架是"如果是他的话",那么半熟人社会里陌生人之间的暧昧则是以"如果他也这么认为的话"为参考框架的。因为如果我们不是偶然正巧碰上这个人,某一个其他的人对我们来说也会具有同样的意义。总之,现代社会里的人追求的不再是熟人社会里人际间的那种交融关系。在冷漠化社会中,大体上社交中的陌生人不喜欢情绪性密切关系,而是追求不即不离的距离感。就像是爱德华·阿尔比的《动物园的故事》中的主人公杰利一样,他是一个流浪汉,既憎恨互不对话、互不照面的破屋邻人,同时又鄙视中产阶级的温馨家庭,难道他不正是在寻找他所不知道的却应该介于两者之间的那种联系方式么?可以说,在冷漠化的社会里,人与人之间的若即若离,正是以暧昧的形式在陌生人之间追求一种传统亲密关系的另类回归。在个体不得不独自承担风险又找不到可靠同盟的情况下,只有建立在共同认知基础上的介于有意识和无意识之间的暧昧才是所有人的情感归宿!而且这种亲密关系的产生也会为孤立的个体在必要的时候带来某种可能的无组织化的非正式同盟,从而有助于主体在一定程度上适当化解所面临的的风险。

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